

# 2023/2024 FISCAL YEAR BUDGET 

ADOPTED
September 14, 2023

PREPARED BY:

Mary Campus, Controller

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

TRansmittal Letter ..... 3
Cash Flows ..... 6
Sources and Uses ..... 7
Income Statement ..... 8
CAPITAL BUDGET ..... 9
REVENUES ..... 13
Revenue ..... 14
Tax Revenue ..... 16
EXPENSES ..... 31
Operating Expense Summary ..... 32
Debt Service ..... 33

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## BUDGET TRANSMITTAL

September 14, 2023
Members of the Port Commission
Port Freeport
Freeport, Texas

Presented herein is the Fiscal Year 2023/24 Budget. This budget was prepared through the collective efforts of staff, directors, and commissioners. It represents the planned financial and operating performance of the Port for the coming fiscal year and provides insight to the direction of Port expansion for the next five years. Overall, this budget anticipates a $\$ 31.9$ million increase in change in net assets. This year's budget follows the same format as the previous budgets with supporting documentation and schedules.

## OPERATING BUDGET

## Revenue:

When compared to the 2023 Budget, total operating revenue for fiscal year 2024 is expected to increase $\$ 4.1$ million to $\$ 45.7$ million, while net non-operating revenue and expenses are expected to increase by $\$ 590$ thousand to (\$3.7) million.

Harbor operations revenues have increased $\$ 5.6$ million to $\$ 32.2$ million primarily due to normal business resumption of the LNG market. Lease revenues have increased $\$ 879$ thousand to $\$ 13.5$ million primarily due to contractual inflation increases.

Net non-operating revenues at (\$3.7) million include debt service. Debt interest and fees have increased to $\$ 11.1$ million.

The Certification of Appraised Valuations prepared by the Brazoria County Appraisal District reports estimated assessed value for 2023 to be $\$ 22.7$ billion, which is $17.27 \%$ higher than the prior year. Increases were observed in market values, expiration of tax abatements, and asset additions, along with offsets in these increases from homestead, abatements, and other exemptions. The budget has been prepared with the tax rate of $\$ 0.016007$ per $\$ 100$ of valuation which is below the no new revenue tax rate of $\$ .031012$. The debt service rate includes $\$ 1$ million of funds encumbered by the Port Commission, which resulted in a debt service rate of $\$ 0.016007$ per $\$ 100$ valuation. There was no maintenance and operations tax rate levied. Assuming a $100 \%$ collection rate, ad valorem tax collections are projected to be $\$ 3.6$ million, net of appraisal district and tax office fees.

## Expenditures:

Overall, expenditures, at $\$ 28.2$ million, are anticipated to increase $\$ 2.6$ million from the budget for fiscal year 2023. Expenditures, excluding depreciation, are expected to be $\$ 16$ million, an increase of $10.8 \%$ or $\$ 1.5$
million from the budget for fiscal year 2023. Fiscal year 2024 budgets resumption to normal activity with full staffing, however staff will continue to monitor conditions.

Port Salaries and Wages: The total amount budgeted for Port salaries and wages is $\$ 4.6$ million, an increase of $\$ 132$ thousand or $2.9 \%$ from the 2023 budget. The budget includes $5 \% \mathrm{CPI} /$ merit increases, a market/internal equity pool and assumes filling three positions that are vacant.

Port Employee Benefits: The total amount budgeted employee benefits are $\$ 1.7$ million, a decrease of $\$ 35$ thousand or $2 \%$ from the 2023 budget. The primary reason for the decrease is the elimination of Commissioner benefits offset by an anticipated increase in medical (10\%), dental and vision plan (6\%) premiums, full participation in the retirement plan, and assumes filling three positions that are vacant.

Professional Services: The budget for consultant services has increased $\$ 156$ thousand or $5.3 \%$ from the 2023 budget to $\$ 3.1$ million. The largest line item in the professional services category is security service fees, which increased $6.5 \%$ or $\$ 128$ thousand to $\$ 2.1$ million due to contracted rates, increased manpower utilization and services. Fiscal year 2024 includes funds for Port planning services, grant writing services, records management, building code review services, environmental consulting, and surveying.

Training, Travel \& Promotional: The training, travel and promotional category budget is $\$ 844$ thousand, which has decreased from the 2023 budget by $4 \%$ or $\$ 35$ thousand. Commercial business development at $\$ 475$ thousand, includes commercial trade shows, advertising, website development, economic development, and promotional items, has been increased $\$ 3$ thousand or $1 \%$ from last year due to increased focus on target cargo events. Sales and promotion plans have decreased by $\$ 15$ thousand or $20 \%$ to $\$ 61$ thousand. Government relations travel has decreased $40 \%$ or $\$ 21$ thousand to $\$ 32$ thousand due to decreased State and Federal legislative interaction. Community relations at $\$ 89$ thousand has increased $9 \%$ or $\$ 7$ thousand due to increased community events and interaction and costs. Training, education and related travel expenses at $\$ 126$ thousand, is reduced by $\$ 6$ thousand or $5 \%$. Automobile expenses at $\$ 62$ thousand remain consistent.

Supplies: The supplies budget is $\$ 188$ thousand which is an increase of $7 \%$ or $\$ 12$ thousand due to small equipment and safety purchases planned.

Utilities: The utilities budget has increased by $\$ 109$ thousand or $13 \%$ to $\$ 964$ thousand. This anticipates an increase in water and sewer rates as well as an increase in the electrical contract which is up for renewal in the fiscal year 2024.

Business Insurance: Business insurance is being budgeted for $\$ 2.6$ million, which is a $\$ 956$ thousand or $57 \%$ increase from fiscal year 2023 budget. Contracted insurance premiums account for this increase.

Other Services \& Charges: The $\$ 555$ thousand budget for other services and charges is planned to increase $10 \%$ or $\$ 51$ thousand from the 2023 budget. This category includes contract services, contract labor, lease expense, memberships, and subscriptions.

Maintenance \& Repair: The $\$ 1.4$ million budget for 2024 is $\$ 212$ thousand or $17 \%$ more than 2023 with increases in some areas and decreases in others. Significant line items in this category include maintenance expense for the crane, software and computer support services, maintenance for the administration building, mowing services, and security systems maintenance.

Depreciation expense: Depreciation expense for fiscal year 2024 budget is projected at $\$ 12.1$ million, which has increased $10 \%$ or $\$ 1$ million over fiscal year 2023 budget. Depreciation additions from new assets are expected to be $\$ 3$ million.

## CAPITAL BUDGET

## Port Expansion:

The most significant projects planned over the next five-years are the continued build out of Velasco Terminal and the related development of backland property to support the berths. $\$ 39.9$ million in total has been budgeted for Port expansion projects for the fiscal year 2024. Cash flow requirements of the capital expansion plans will be funded from current cash flows, grant funds, or reserves.

## Capital Contributed to Others:

Capital contributions to others include $\$ 950$ thousand for possible maintenance dredging and floodwall modifications. Cash flow requirements of the capital contributed to others plans will be funded from current cash flows or reserves.

## Capitalized Maintenance \& Repair:

The $\$ 10.5$ million in capitalized maintenance and repair projects include the continuation of the repairs of the dock concrete joints, railroad track renovations, building repairs and road repairs. Upgrades of paved areas to concrete as well as cathodic protection system repairs are planned. Cash flow requirement of the capitalized maintenance plan will be funded from current cash flows.

## Capital Equipment Outlay:

Capital outlay includes equipment purchases over $\$ 5,000$ that will be capitalized and depreciated over a short life span of $3-20$ years. The capital outlay budget for fiscal year 2024 is $\$ 1.3$ million. The major items in fiscal year 2024 include software upgrades, equipment purchases, security improvements, and operational equipment. Cash flow requirements for the capital outlay plans will be funded by grant funds and current cash flows, reserves, or financing.

## CONCLUSION

The proposed budget for fiscal year 2023/24 continues to demonstrate the Port's commitment to the expansion and development of Port Freeport. Budgeted operating revenues exceed operating expenses by $\$ 17.5$ million with planned capital outlay of $\$ 52.6$ million. This budget is fiscally conservative without impeding the Port's continuing commitment to provide well-maintained, efficient, safe, and secure port facilities to our customers and to further the growth and development of Port Freeport.

Respectfully submitted,


Mary Campus, Controller

## PORT FREEPORT 2023/2024 FISCAL YEAR BUDGET

## CASH FLOW WORKSHEET

| Operating Revenue | $\$ \quad$$45,753,500$ <br> Operating Expenses | $28,236,100)$ <br> Operating Income (Loss) <br> Net Non-Operating Revenues |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |Net Income$3,726,100$ )

Add Back Non-cash Items
Depreciation ..... 12,172,700
Interest Expense ..... 11,137,600
Loss on Disposition of AssetsTotal Net Non-cash Expenses23,310,300
Cash Flow from Operations, Taxes, Investments ..... 37,101,600
Debt Service Payments ..... $17,518,500$ )
Net Cash Flow Before Capital Expenditures ..... 19,583,100
Capital Expenditures and Contributed to Others:
Funded by Grant Programs ..... ( 31,336,600)
Cash Flow or General Reserve Funded ..... ( 16,473,500)
Proceeds from Debt Funding and Operating Cash Flow ..... ( 4,800,000)
Total ..... $52,610,100)$
Reimbursement Resolution/Financing Proceeds
Contributed Capital From Grants ..... 19,120,700
Cash To (From) Reserves \$ ..... $13,906,300$ )
8/30/23 Net Assets Balance:
Unrestricted ..... \$ ..... 30,559,271
Reserve for Capital Improvements ..... 17,430,152
Restricted for Debt Service ..... 14,110,963
2021 Series GO Project Fund ..... 42,903,542
Restricted for Capital Improvements (Corps) ..... 12,270
Approximate FY 2024 Net Assets:
Unrestricted ..... \$ ..... 17,403,471
Reserve for Capital Improvements ..... 16,680,152
Restricted for Debt Service ..... 14,110,963
2021 Series GO Project Fund ..... 42,903,542
Restricted for Capital Improvements (Corps) ..... 11,770

## PORT FREEPORT 2023/2024 FISCAL YEAR BUDGET

## SOURCES OF FUNDS

| OPERATING REVENUE | $\$ 4,753,500$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| INVESTMENT REVENUE | $3,845,000$ |
| AD VALOREM TAX | $3,566,500$ |
| GRANT REVENUE | $19,120,700$ |
| CASH FROM RESERVES | $13,906,300$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 86,192,000$ |



## USES OF FUNDS

PORT CAPITAL INVESTMENT
OPERATING EXPENSES EX DPN
DEBT SERVICE - GO BONDS
DEBT SERVICE - REVENUE BONDS
\$ 52,610,100
16,063,400
4,654,200
12,864,300
\$ 86,192,000


## PORT FREEPORT

## 2023/2024 FISCAL YEAR BUDGET

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 2020 \\ \text { Actual } \end{gathered}$ |  | $2021$ Actual |  | $\begin{gathered} 2022 \\ \text { Actual } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2022 \\ \text { Budget } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2023 \\ \text { Budget } \end{gathered}$ |  | $2023$ <br> Forecasted |  | $\begin{gathered} 2024 \\ \text { Budget } \end{gathered}$ | Percen of Tota |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING REVENUES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wharfage | \$ | 10,853,640 | \$ | 13,526,823 | \$ | 11,642,336 | \$ | 13,608,300 | \$ | 12,546,200 | \$ | 14,105,423 | \$ | 17,049,000 | 37 |
| Dockage \& Deep Water Berth |  | 4,181,863 |  | 7,356,823 |  | 6,927,659 |  | 7,864,100 |  | 7,743,700 |  | 5,767,777 |  | 8,134,100 | 18\% |
| Equipment \& Pallet Use Fees |  | 1,686,489 |  | 1,098,167 |  | 1,454,339 |  | 1,277,800 |  | 1,303,450 |  | 1,460,483 |  | 1,537,600 | 3 |
| Facility Use Fees |  | 880,516 |  | 1,168,335 |  | 1,666,677 |  | 1,150,000 |  | 1,437,600 |  | 1,286,788 |  | 1,116,200 | 2 |
| Security Fees |  | 1,521,840 |  | 2,458,595 |  | 2,396,761 |  | 2,608,300 |  | 2,294,250 |  | 2,335,939 |  | 2,984,500 |  |
| Other Customer Service Fees |  | 1,051,900 |  | 1,075,780 |  | 1,460,834 |  | 1,072,100 |  | 1,308,300 |  | 1,234,628 |  | 1,443,500 | 3\% |
| Ground Leases |  | 12,423,239 |  | 12,101,850 |  | 11,487,599 |  | 11,300,600 |  | 11,699,000 |  | 12,502,409 |  | 12,554,800 | 27\% |
| Other Leases |  | 964,948 |  | 868,345 |  | 878,200 |  | 944,700 |  | 885,300 |  | 894,511 |  | 908,800 | 2 |
| GASB87 Lease Recognition |  |  |  |  |  | 4,845,575 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business Interruption Claim |  | - |  | - |  | 4,500,000 |  | - |  | 2,340,000 |  | 3,400,000 |  | - |  |
| Other Revenue |  | 8,880 |  | 8,303 |  | 24,289 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,000 |  | 97,300 |  | 25,000 | 0 |
| Total Operating Revenue |  | 33,573,315 |  | 39,663,021 |  | 47,284,269 |  | 39,850,900 |  | 41,582,800 |  | 43,085,258 |  | 45,753,500 |  |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Port Salaries/Wages |  | 3,718,152 |  | 3,691,177 |  | 3,602,951 |  | 3,993,600 |  | 4,494,200 |  | 4,038,139 |  | 4,626,200 | $16 \%$ |
| Port Employee Benefits |  | 1,350,053 |  | 1,418,715 |  | 1,342,713 |  | 1,648,300 |  | 1,749,800 |  | 1,525,440 |  | 1,714,300 | $6 \%$ |
| Professional Services |  | 2,163,290 |  | 2,212,828 |  | 2,764,373 |  | 2,722,000 |  | 2,948,700 |  | 3,191,907 |  | 3,105,200 | 11 |
| Training, Travel \& Promotional |  | 296,763 |  | 312,831 |  | 497,564 |  | 802,900 |  | 879,900 |  | 518,651 |  | 844,500 | 3 |
| Supplies |  | 170,938 |  | 159,881 |  | 175,862 |  | 156,700 |  | 176,200 |  | 193,741 |  | 188,400 |  |
| Utilities |  | 636,683 |  | 741,203 |  | 719,222 |  | 800,500 |  | 854,900 |  | 806,535 |  | 964,300 |  |
| Business Insurance |  | 1,128,006 |  | 1,254,661 |  | 1,379,717 |  | 1,557,500 |  | 1,672,300 |  | 1,942,927 |  | 2,628,400 |  |
| Other Services \& Charges |  | 515,468 |  | 487,467 |  | 625,425 |  | 723,800 |  | 503,600 |  | 488,852 |  | 554,900 |  |
| Maintenance \& Repair |  | 973,834 |  | 907,606 |  | 1,109,624 |  | 927,300 |  | 1,225,400 |  | 1,397,907 |  | 1,437,200 | 5 |
| Depreciation |  | 7,592,533 |  | 8,192,602 |  | 7,914,177 |  | 8,093,700 |  | 11,106,800 |  | 8,882,900 |  | 12,172,700 | 43 |
| Total Operating Expenses |  | 18,545,720 |  | 19,378,971 |  | 20,131,628 |  | 21,426,300 |  | 25,611,800 |  | 22,986,999 |  | 28,236,100 |  |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) |  | 15,027,595 |  | 20,284,050 |  | 27,152,641 |  | 18,424,600 |  | 15,971,000 |  | 20,098,259 |  | 17,517,400 |  |
| OPERATING MARGIN |  | 45\% |  | 51\% |  | 57\% |  | 46\% |  | 38\% |  | 47\% |  | $38 \%$ |  |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ad Valorem Tax Collections |  | 5,623,025 |  | 6,190,447 |  | 6,430,433 |  | 6,422,200 |  | 6,672,300 |  | 6,610,596 |  | 3,566,500 |  |
| Investment Net Revenue |  | 2,095,520 |  | 87,667 |  | 153,341 |  | 200,000 |  | 10,000 |  | 3,244,333 |  | 3,845,000 |  |
| Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets |  |  |  | 460,696 |  | 271,813 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt Interest and Fees |  | ( 7,862,024) |  | ( 8,794,637) |  | 9,300,161) |  | 9,564,200) |  | 9,818,300) |  | ( 10,965,633) |  | 11,137,600) |  |
| Other |  |  |  | 237,140 |  | ( 192,001) |  | ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Operating Revenues, Net |  | ( 143,479) |  | 1,818,687) |  | 2,636,575) |  | 2,942,000) | ( | 3,136,000) |  | 1,110,704) |  | 3,726,100) |  |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS |  | 14,884,116 |  | 18,465,363 |  | 24,516,066 |  | 15,482,600 |  | 12,835,000 |  | 18,987,555 |  | 13,791,300 |  |
| CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS-Grants |  | 139,833 |  | 11,092 |  | 143,492 |  | 375,000 |  | 24,763,800 |  | 5,286,036 |  | 19,120,700 |  |
| NET CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (To)/From Others |  | ( 8,310,245) |  | ( 15,152,065) |  | ( 45,619,399) |  | ( 31,000,000) | $($ | 60,932,700) |  | ( 20,320,449) |  | ( 950,000) |  |
| CHANGE IN NET ASSETS | \$ | 6,713,704 | \$ | 3,324,390 | \$ | $(20,959,841)$ | \$ | ( 15,142,400) | \$ | $(23,333,900)$ | \$ | 3,953,142 |  | 31,962,000 |  |

## CAPITAL EXPANSION

## PORT FREEPORT

## PROPOSED PORT CAPITAL EXPANSION PLAN

Fiscal Year 2024

| Strategic Initiatives | Milestones |  | Funding Sources |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| > Freeport Harbor Channel | \$ | 950,000 | General Obligation Bonds, Cash or Reserves |
| > Buildout of the Port's Container Handling Facilities |  | 37,124,000 | Pledged Revenue Debt, Grant, Cash or Reserves |
| $>$ Development of warehousing and OEM distribution facilities |  | 1,440,000 | Pledged Revenue Debt, Cash or Reserves |
| > Port Infrastructure Support: |  |  |  |
| Other |  | 600,000 | Cash or Reserves |
| Capital Maintenance |  | 10,526,000 | Cash or Reserves |
| Office, computer, IT related |  | 260,500 | Cash or Reserves |
| Security Related |  | 1,399,860 | Cash or Reserves |
| Vehicles |  | 77,000 | Cash or Reserves |
| Operational Equipment |  | 232,750 | Cash or Reserves |
| Total | \$ | 52,610,110 |  |



PORT FREEPORT
PROPOSED PORT CAPITAL EXPANSION PLAN
FY 2024 to 2028


## OEM / LOGISTICS CENTER

| Cash Funded |  | 1,440,000 |  | 6,200,000 |  | - |  | - | - |  | 7,640,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Debt/Cash Funded |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |
| Grant Application Funded |  | - |  | - |  | 24,000,000 |  | - | - |  | 24,000,000 |
| Subtotal OEM/Logistics Center | \$ | 1,440,000 | \$ | 6,200,000 | \$ | 24,000,000 | \$ | - |  | \$ | 31,640,000 |
| OTHER PROJECTS, M \& R, EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash Funded |  | 12,188,500 |  | 2,011,000 |  | 699,000 |  | 592,000 | 391,000 |  | 15,490,500 |
| Estimated Grant Application Funded |  | 907,610 |  | 1,240,700 |  | 88,300 |  | - | - |  | 2,236,610 |
| Subtotal Other Projects, M \& R, Equipment | \$ | 13,096,110 | \$ | 3,251,700 | \$ | 787,300 | \$ | 592,000 |  | \$ | 17,727,110 |

## CAPITAL CONTRIBUTED TO OTHERS

Cash Funded
General Obligation Debt Funded
Revenue Debt/Cash Funded

| Funded From Capital Improvement Reserve |  | 750,000 |  | 750,000 | $1,030,000$ |  | 750,000 | 750,000 | $3,280,000$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Subtotal Capital Contributed to Others | $\$$ | 950,000 | $\$$ | $2,750,000$ | $\$$ | $1,030,000$ | $\$$ | 750,000 | 5 |

## TOTALS

Cash Funded
Revenue Debt Plus Cash Flow Funded Equipment Lease/Other Debt Funded
Grant Funded* (see note below)
General Obligation Debt Funded
Funded From Capital Improvement Reserve
Revenue Growth Funded

| $15,723,500$ | $11,711,000$ | 699,000 | 592,000 | 391,000 | $29,116,500$ |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | - | - | $3,000,000$ | $5,000,000$ | - | $8,000,000$ |
| $4,800,000$ | $4,800,000$ | $14,400,000$ | - | - | $24,000,000$ |  |
| $31,336,610$ | $26,068,700$ | $50,844,800$ | - | - | - | $108,250,110$ |
|  | - | - | - | $5,000,000$ | $5,000,000$ |  |
| 750,000 | 750,000 | $1,030,000$ | 750,000 | 750,000 | $4,030,000$ |  |
|  | - | - | - | $10,000,000$ | - | $10,000,000$ |
| $\$$ | $52,610,110$ | $\$$ | $43,329,700$ | $\$$ | $69,973,800$ | $\$$ |

## REVENUES

PORT FREEPORT 2023/2024 BUDGET

TOTAL REVENUE

| OPERATING REVENUES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wharfage |  | \$10,853,640 |  | \$13,526,823 |  | \$11,642,336 | \$ | 12,546,200 | \$ | 14,105,423 | \$ | 17,049,000 |
| Dockage |  | 4,181,863 |  | 7,356,823 |  | 6,927,659 |  | 7,743,700 |  | 5,767,777 |  | 8,134,100 |
| Equipment Fees |  | 1,686,489 |  | 1,098,167 |  | 1,454,339 |  | 1,303,450 |  | 1,460,483 |  | 1,537,600 |
| Facility Use Fees |  | 880,516 |  | 1,168,335 |  | 1,666,677 |  | 1,437,600 |  | 1,286,788 |  | 1,116,200 |
| Security Fees |  | 1,521,840 |  | 2,458,595 |  | 2,396,761 |  | 2,294,250 |  | 2,335,939 |  | 2,984,500 |
| Other Customer Service Fees |  | 1,051,900 |  | 1,075,780 |  | 1,460,834 |  | 1,308,300 |  | 1,234,628 |  | 1,443,500 |
| Ground Leases |  | 12,423,239 |  | 12,101,850 |  | 11,487,599 |  | 11,699,000 |  | 12,502,409 |  | 12,554,800 |
| Other Leases |  | 964,948 |  | 868,345 |  | 878,200 |  | 885,300 |  | 894,511 |  | 908,800 |
| GASB 87 Lease Recognition |  |  |  |  |  | 4,845,575 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated Business Interruption Claim |  |  |  |  |  | 4,500,000 |  | 2,340,000 |  | 3,400,000 |  | 0 |
| Other Revenue |  | 8,880 |  | 8,303 |  | 24,289 |  | 25,000 |  | 97,300 |  | 25,000 |
| Total Operating Revenue |  | \$33,573,315 |  | \$39,663,021 |  | \$47,284,269 |  | \$41,582,800 |  | \$43,085,258 | \$ | 45,753,500 |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ad Valorem Tax Collections |  | 5,623,025 |  | 6,190,447 |  | 6,430,433 |  | 6,672,300 |  | 6,610,596 |  | 3,566,500 |
| Investment Income |  | 2,095,520 |  | 87,667 |  | 153,341 |  | 10,000 |  | 3,244,333 |  | 3,845,000 |
| Gain (loss) on Sale of Assets |  |  |  | 460,696 |  | 271,813 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Debt Interest and Fees |  | ( 7,862,024) |  | ( 8,794,637) |  | ( 9,300,161) |  | ( 9,818,300) |  | ( 10,965,633) |  | 11,137,600) |
| Other |  |  |  | 246,000 |  | ( 192,001) |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| Non-Operating Revenues, Net |  | ( 143,479) |  | ( 1,809,827) |  | ( 2,636,575) | \$ | ( 3,136,000) | \$ | ( 1,110,704) | \$ | 3,726,100) |
| TOTAL REVENUE BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS | \$ | 33,429,836 | \$ | 37,853,194 | \$ | 44,647,694 | \$ | 38,446,800 | \$ | 41,974,554 | \$ | 42,027,400 |
| Capital Contributions - Grants |  | 139,833 |  | 11,092 |  | 143,492 |  | 24,763,800 |  | 5,286,036 |  | 19,120,700 |
| Capital Contributions (To)From Others |  | ( 8,310,245) |  | ( 15,152,065) |  | ( 45,619,399) |  | ( 60,932,700) |  | ( 20,320,449) | ( | 950,000) |
| TOTAL REVENUE | \$ | 25,259,424 | \$ | 22,712,221 | \$ | $(828,213)$ | \$ | 2,277,900 | \$ | 26,940,141 | \$ | 60,198,100 |



## PORT FREEPORT

 2023/2024 FISCAL YEAR BUDGETHARBOR OPERATIONS

|  | $\begin{gathered} 2020 \\ \text { Actual } \end{gathered}$ | 2021 <br> Actual | $2022$ Actual | 2023 <br> Budget | $2023$ <br> Forecasted | 2024 <br> Budget |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING REVENUES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wharfage | \$10,853,640 | \$13,526,823 | \$11,642,336 | \$ 12,546,200 | \$ 14,105,423 | \$ 17,049,000 |
| Dockage | 4,181,863 | 7,356,823 | 6,927,659 | 7,743,700 | 5,767,777 | 8,134,100 |
| Equipment Fees | 1,686,489 | 1,098,167 | 1,454,339 | 1,303,450 | 1,460,483 | 1,537,600 |
| Facility Use Fees | 880,516 | 1,168,335 | 1,666,677 | 1,437,600 | 1,286,788 | 1,116,200 |
| Security Fees | 1,521,840 | 2,458,595 | 2,396,761 | 2,294,250 | 2,335,939 | 2,984,500 |
| Other Customer Fees | 1,051,900 | 1,075,780 | 1,460,834 | 1,308,300 | 1,234,628 | 1,443,500 |
| TOTAL HARBOR REVENUE | \$ 20,176,248 | \$ 26,684,523 | \$ 25,548,606 | \$ 26,633,500 | \$ 26,191,038 | \$ 32,264,900 |
| TOTAL TONNAGE | 8,702,200 | 17,035,929 | 12,994,761 | 14,707,260 | 11,936,309 | 18,826,418 |
| SHIP CALLS | 412 | 531 | 456 | 483 | 402 | 495 |



## PORT FREEPORT

2023/2024 FISCAL YEAR BUDGET

TAX RATE
$\left.\begin{array}{lcc} & \begin{array}{c}\text { TAX } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \text { PER } \$ 100\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { PERCENT } \\ \text { OF }\end{array} \\ \text { TOTAL }\end{array}\right]$

## LEVY CALCULATION

TAXABLE VALUE FOR 2023 APPRAISAL ROLL

2023 LEVY:
M \& O
DEBT SERVICE (.016007)
TOTAL LEVY (.016007)

ESTIMATED AMOUNT TO BE UNCOLLECTED (100\% COLLECTION RATE)
APPRAISAL DISTRICT AND TAX OFFICE FEES
\$
22,723,640,482
\$
3,566,500

# PORT FREEPORT 2023/2024 FISCAL YEAR BUDGET 

## VALUATION AND TAX RATE HISTORY

| FISCAL YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| TAXABLE VALUE | \$ 14,147,947,460 | \$ 15,562,627,567 | \$ 16,195,665,393 | \$ 19,377,876,871 | \$ 22,723,640,482 ${ }^{1}$ |
| TAX RATE: |  |  |  |  |  |
| M\&O | 0.029485 | 0.026657 | 0.023394 | 0.018144 | 0.000000 |
| DEBT SERVICE | 0.010615 | 0.013443 | 0.016606 | 0.016856 | 0.016007 |
| TOTAL TAX RATE | 0.040100 | 0.040100 | 0.040000 | 0.035000 | 0.016007 |
| LEVY AMOUNT | \$5,673,327 | \$6,240,614 | \$6,478,266 | \$6,782,257 | \$3,637,373 |
| \% OF LEVY COLLECTED ${ }^{3}$ | 98.65\% | 98.65\% | 101.24\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% ${ }^{2}$ |




[^0]
## RESOLUTION APPROVING 2023 TAX RATE PROPOSAL AND SETTING THE DATE FOR A RECORD VOTE

At a regular meeting of the Commissioners of Port Freeport of Brazoria County, Texas ("Port") held at the office of the Port at 1100 Cherry Street, Freeport, Texas, on the 24th day of August 2023, among other business, on motion duly made and seconded, the following resolution was passed and adopted:

## FINDINGS

1. Due and proper notice of the date, time, place and purpose of this meeting has been duly given in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Open Meetings Act, and such meeting has been conducted in accordance with said Open Meetings Act.
2. The Port's 2022 tax rate was $\$ 0.035000$;
3. The Port considered a 2023 tax rate proposal of $\$ 0.016007$, ("Proposed 2023 Tax Rate"); and
4. The Port finds and determines that it is in the best interest of Port Freeport of Brazoria County, Texas to approve the 2023 Tax Rate Proposal and set a date to take a record vote of the Proposed 2023 Tax Rate.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Port hereby approves the Proposal of the 2023 Tax Rate and will take a record vote on September 14, 2023 at 1:00 p.m.at the Port's Administration Building.

The following members of the Port Commission present and participating in the deliberation and vote on the above and foregoing Resolution and the manner in which each member voted is evidenced below:

Ravi K Singhania, Chairman
VOTED: Yes

Rob Giesecke, Vice Chairman
VOTED: Yes

Barbara Fratila, Secretary
VOTED: Yes


## Ravi K Singhania, Chairman

Sabbura Patio
Barbara Fratila, Secretary

Kim Kincannon, Assistant Secretary
VOTED: Yes

Dan Croft, Commissioner
VOTED: Yes

Rudy Santos, Commissioner
VOTEP: Present

## RESOLUTION ADOPTING 2022 TAX RATE

At a Regular Meeting of the Port Commission of Port Freeport held at the office of said Port at 1100 Cherry Street, Freeport, Texas on the $14^{\text {th }}$ day of September 2023, among other business came on to be considered the following Resolution, which was upon motion duly made and seconded, adopted by a $5-1$ vote of six Commissioners present, which Resolution is as follows:

## FINDINGS:

The Port Commission finds:
(1) Notice of the date, time, place and purpose of the meeting at which this Resolution has been considered and adopted has been duly given in accordance with the requirements of Section 551.001, Texas Government Code, et. sec.
(2) A quorum of the members of the Port Commission were present and participated in the deliberation and adoption of this Resolution.
(3) The deliberation and vote on this Resolution has been conducted in open meeting as defined in Section 551.001, Texas Government Code, et. sec.
(4) The deliberation and vote on this Resolution was separate from the vote adopting the budget for Port Freeport for the Fiscal Year 2023/2024.
(5) The designated Officer of the Port has publicized the No New Revenue Tax Rate and the calculation used to determine it in the manner required by Section 26.04, Texas Property Tax Code, and has submitted same to the Port Commission.
(6) (A) A tax rate of zero on each $\$ 100$ valuation for the purpose of maintenance and operations;
(B) A tax rate of $\$ 0.016007$ on each $\$ 100$ valuation for the payment of principal and interest on debts of the Port;
(C) A total tax rate of $\$ 0.016007$ for each $\$ 100$ valuation to be applied to the total taxable value of all taxable property located within Port Freeport, subject to taxation and calculated as provided in Sections 26.04 and 26.05 , Texas Property Tax Code, should be proposed for adoption as the tax rate of Port Freeport for the year 2023.

## RESOLUTION

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, ORDAINED AND ORDERED, by the Port Commission of Port Freeport, that: a tax rate of zero on each $\$ 100$ valuation for the purpose of maintenance and operations, and a tax rate of $\$ 0.016007$ on each $\$ 100$ valuation for the payment of principal and interest on debts of the Port, for a total tax rate of $\$ 0.016007$ on each $\$ 100$ valuation to be applied to the total taxable value of all taxable property located within Port Freeport, subject to taxation and is hereby levied or adopted as the tax rate of Port Freeport for the year 2023.

The following members of the Port Commission present and participating in the deliberation and vote on the above and foregoing Resolution and the manner in which each member voted is evidenced by the signature of each member present as indicated below:


# 2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts 

## PORT FREEPORT

Taxing Unit Name
1100 Cherry, Freeport, TX 77541
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

## 979-233-2667

Phone (area code and number)
www.portfreeport.com
Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per $\$ 100$ of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.
The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

## SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.
While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

| Line | No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet | Amount/Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25 (d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). ${ }^{1}$ | \$ 18,982,450,149 |
| 2. | 2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0 . If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ${ }^{2}$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 3. | Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1. | $\$ \underline{18,982,450,149}$ |
| 4. | 2022 total adopted tax rate. | $\$ \xlongequal{0.035000} \quad / \$ 100$ |
| 5. | 2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2022 appraised value. <br> A. Original 2022 ARB values: <br> B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions:. $\qquad$ <br> C. 2022 value loss. Subtract $B$ from A. ${ }^{3}$ | \$ 6,490,040 |
| 6. | 2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. <br> A. 2022 ARB certified value: $\qquad$ $\$$ $\qquad$ <br> B. 2022 disputed value: $\qquad$ 0 <br> C. 2022 undisputed value. Subtract $B$ from $A .{ }^{4}$ | \$ 0 |
| 7. | 2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C. | \$ 6,490,040 |

[^1]| Line | No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 .}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7. |
| 9. | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2022 value of property in deannexed <br> territory. ${ }^{5}$ |

10. 2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use in-transit, temporary disaster exemp
exemption or reduce taxable value.
A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value:
\$
B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value:.

$$
+\$ \underline{205,277,386}
$$

C. Value loss. Add A and B. ${ }^{6}$
1,015,771 times 2022 value

$$
+\$
$$


#### Abstract

the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new


11. 2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022.
A. 2022 market value:

$\$$| $6,804,982$ |
| :--- |
| $\$ 8,470$ |

B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value:.
-
$\square$
C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. ${ }^{7}$
12. Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines $9,10 \mathrm{C}$ and 11 C .
13. 2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. ${ }^{8}$ If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.
14. 2022 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.
15. Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by $\$ 100$.
16. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25 (b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022. ${ }^{9}$
17. Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. ${ }^{10}$
18. Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ${ }^{11}$
A. Certified values:

$$
\$ 20,407,022,124
$$

B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:

$$
+\$
$$

$\qquad$
C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:.
$-\$^{0}$
D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2023 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2023 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. ${ }^{12}$
$-\$ 0$
E. Total 2023 value. Add $A$ and $B$, then subtract $C$ and $D$.

[^2]| Line | No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet | Amount/Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19. | Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. ${ }^{13}$ <br> A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. ${ }^{14}$. $\qquad$ <br> B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. ${ }^{15} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots+\$ \ldots$ $\qquad$ <br> C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B. | $\$ 2,316,618,358$ |
| 20. | 2023 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0 . If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ${ }^{16}$ | \$ 0 |
| 21. | 2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. ${ }^{17}$ | $\$ \underline{22,723,640,482}$ |
| 22. | Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. ${ }^{18}$ | \$ 0 |
| 23. | Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. ${ }^{19}$ | \$ ${ }^{\text {1,524,102,486 }}$ |
| 24. | Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23. | \$ 1,524,102,486 |
| 25. | Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21. | \$ 21,199,537,996 |
| 26. | 2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. ${ }^{20}$ | $\$ 0.031012 \quad / \$ 100$ |
| 27. | COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. ${ }^{21}$ | \$ / \$100 |

## SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

1. Maintenance and Operations (M\&O) Tax Rate: The M\&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.
The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

| Line Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet |  | Amount/Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28. | 2022 M\&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M\&O tax rate. | $\$ 0.018144 \quad / \$ 100$ |
| 29. | 2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ \underline{18,988,940,189}$ |

[^3]| Line | Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet | Amount/Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30. | Total 2022 M\&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100 | \$ 3,445,353 |
| 31. | Adjusted 2022 levy for calculating NNR M\&O rate. <br> A. M\&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M\&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25 (b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022............... + $\qquad$ <br> B. 2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0. $\qquad$ - \$ <br> C. 2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in $D$ below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in $D$ below. Other taxing units enter 0 . $\qquad$ + - \$ 0 <br> D. 2022 M\&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function. $\qquad$ <br> E. Add Line 30 to 31D. | \$ $3,447,061$ |
| 32. | Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | \$ 21,199,537,996 |
| 33. | 2023 NNR M\&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. | \$ $0.016260 \quad 1 \$ 100$ |
| 34. | Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. ${ }^{23}$ <br> If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0 . <br> A. 2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. \$ $\qquad$ <br> B. 2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. $\qquad$ - \$ $\qquad$ <br> C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by $\$ 100$. $\qquad$ $\$ 0.000000$ \$ <br> D. Enter the rate calculated in C . If not applicable, enter 0 . | \$ $0.000000 \quad 1 \$ 100$ |
| 35. | Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. ${ }^{24}$ <br> If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0 . <br> A. 2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. $\square$ 0 <br> B. 2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ - \$ $\qquad$ <br> C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by $\$ 100$. $\qquad$ $\$$ <br> D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0 . | \$ 0.000000 / \$100 |

[^4]\section*{| Line | Voter-Approv |
| :--- | :--- |
| 36. Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. ${ }^{25}$ |  | If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0 .}

A. 2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30,2023 , less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.

$$
\$ 0
$$

B. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30,2022 , less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. $\qquad$
C. Subtract $B$ from $A$ and divide by Line 32 and multiply by $\$ 100$. $\qquad$

D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by $\$ 100$.

E. Enter the lesser of $C$ and $D$. If not applicable, enter 0 . Amount/Rate
37. Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ${ }^{26}$ If not applicable or less than zero, enter 0.
A. 2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.
$\$^{0}$
B. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality
to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1,2021 and
B. 2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipa
to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1,2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.
\$
C. Subtract $B$ from $A$ and divide by Line 32 and multiply by $\$ 100$.
D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by $\$ 100$.... $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\$$
$0.000000 \quad 1 \$ 100$
E. Enter the lesser of $C$ and $D$, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0 .
$\$ 0$
$0.000000 \quad 1 \$ 100$ ustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies to municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Section 26.0444 for more information.
A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year ....
$\$ 0$
B. Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.
$\$ 0$
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by $\$ 100$ $\qquad$

$\$$| $\$ 0$ |
| :--- |
| $\$ 0.000000 \quad 1 \$ 100$ |

D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0 .

| $\$ 0.000000$ | $/ \$ 100$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\$ 0.016260$ | $1 \$ 100$ |

40. Adjustment for 2022 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M\&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2023 in Section 3 . Other taxing units, enter zero.
A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M\&O expenses in 2022, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent.
B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by $\$ 100$.

C. Add Line 40 B to Line 39.

| $\$ 0.016260$ | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 100$ |  |
| $\$ 0.017560$ | 1 |

41. 2023 voter-approval M\&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below.

Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.

- or -

Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.

[^5]| 2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet - Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts |  | Form 50-856 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Line | Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet | Amount/Rate |  |
| D41. | Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M\&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or <br> 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred <br> If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40 C by $1.08 .{ }^{27}$ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41). | $\$ 0.000000$ | /\$100 |
| 42. | Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: <br> (1) are paid by property taxes, <br> (2) are secured by property taxes, <br> (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and <br> (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M\&O expenses. <br> A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. ${ }^{28}$ <br> Enter debt amount $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ 4,655,700 <br> B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt. $\qquad$ - \$ 1,000,000 <br> C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none) $\qquad$ - \$ $\qquad$ <br> D. Subtract amount paid from other resources. $\qquad$ $-\$$ 0 <br> E. Adjusted debt. Subtract $B, C$ and $D$ from $A$. | $\$^{3,655,700}$ |  |
| 43. | Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. ${ }^{29}$ | $\$^{0}$ |  |
| 44. | Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E. | $\$^{3,655,700}$ |  |
| 45. | 2023 anticipated collection rate. <br> A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. ${ }^{30}$ $\qquad$ 100.50 \% <br> B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate. $\qquad$ 100.50 \% <br> C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate. $\qquad$ 101.30 \% <br> D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate. $\qquad$ 100.73 \% <br> E. If the anticipated collection rate in $A$ is lower than actual collection rates in $B, C$ and $D$, enter the lowest collection rate from $B, C$ and $D$. If the anticipated rate in $A$ is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than $100 \% .{ }^{31}$ | 100.50 | \% |
| 46. | 2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E. | \$ ${ }^{3,637,512}$ |  |
| 47. | 2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | \$ 22,723,640,482 |  |
| 48. | 2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100. | \$ 0.016007 | /\$100 |
| 49. | 2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48. | \$ 0.033567 | /\$100 |
| D49. | Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. <br> Add Line D41 and 48. | \$ | /\$100 |

[^6]| Line | Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet | Amount/Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-approval tax rate. | $\$ 0.000000$ | /\$100 |

## SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

| Line | Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet | Amount/Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 51. | Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ${ }^{32}$ Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0. | $\$ 0$ |  |
| 52. | Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. ${ }^{33}$ <br> Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025 , as applicable) and multiply the result by $.95 .{ }^{34}$ <br> - or - <br> Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95 . | $\$ 0$ |  |
| 53. | 2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ 22,723,64$ |  |
| 54. | Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by $\$ 100$. | $\$ 0.000000$ | $\text { / } \$ 100$ |
| 55. | 2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ${ }^{35}$ Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ 0.031012$ | /\$100 |
| 56. | 2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. <br> Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55 . Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022. | $\$ 0.031012$ | /\$100 |
| 57. | 2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ${ }^{36}$ Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ 0.033567$ | $/ \$ 100$ |
| 58. | 2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57. | $\$ 0.033567$ | $\text { / } \$ 100$ |

## SECTION 4:Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M\&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.
This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M\&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

| Line | Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet | Amount/Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 59. | Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ${ }^{37}$ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ${ }^{38}$ | $\$ 0$ |
| 60. | 2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ \underline{22,723,640,482}$ |
| 61. | Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100. | $\$ 0.000000 \quad 1 \$ 100$ |
| 62. | 2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax). | $\$ 0.033567 \quad 1 \$ 100$ |

[^7]
## SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. ${ }^{39}$ In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the calculation for that year.
The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; ${ }^{40}$
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); ${ }^{41}$ or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. ${ }^{42}$

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.
This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. ${ }^{43}$

| Line | Unused Increment Rate Worksheet | Amount/Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 63. | Year 3 component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022 voter-approval tax rate. <br> A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67). $\qquad$ $\qquad$ /\$100 <br> B. Unused increment rate (Line 66). $\qquad$ /\$100 <br> C. Subtract B from A. $\qquad$ /\$100 <br> D. Adopted Tax Rate. $\qquad$ $\$$ $\qquad$ /\$100 <br> E. Subtract $D$ from $C$. $\qquad$ $-0.035000$ /\$100 |  |
| 64. | Year 2 component. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate. <br> A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 67). <br> B. Unused increment rate (Line 66). <br> C. Subtract B from A. $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ /\$100 <br> D. Adopted Tax Rate. $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ .040000 /\$100 <br> E. Subtract D from C.. <br> $\${ }^{-0.040000}$ <br> /\$100 |  |
| 65. | Year 1 component. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. <br> A. Voter-approval tax rate (Line 65). <br> B. Unused increment rate (Line 64). <br> C. Subtract B from A . $\qquad$ \$ $\qquad$ .000000 /\$100 <br> D. Adopted Tax Rate. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> \$ .040100 /\$100 <br> E. Subtract D from C. . <br> $\$^{-0.040100}$ <br> /\$100 |  |
| 66. | 2023 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63E, 64E and 65E. | \$ $0.000000 \quad 1 \$ 100$ |
| 67. | Total 2023 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control). | \$ 0.033567 / $\$ 100$ |

[^8]
## SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise $\$ 500,000$, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. ${ }^{44}$ This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. ${ }^{45}$

| Line | De Minimis Rate Worksheet | Amount/Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 68. | Adjusted 2023 NNR M\&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet | $\$ 0.016260$ | /\$100 |
| 69. | 2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ 22,723,64$ | $82$ |
| 70. | Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100. | $\$ 0.002200$ | /\$100 |
| 71. | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ 0.016007$ | /\$100 |
| 72. | De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71. | $\$ 0.000000$ | /\$100 |

## SECTION 7:Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year. ${ }^{46}$

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. ${ }^{47}$
This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

| Line | Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet | Amount/Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 73. | 2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ 0.035000$ | /\$100 |
| 74. | Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. <br> If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet. <br> - or - <br> If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. ${ }^{48}$ Enter the final adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. <br> - or - <br> If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet. | $\$ 0.000000$ | /\$100 |
| 75. | Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73. | $\$ 0.000000$ | /\$100 |
| 76. | Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ \underline{18,775,940}$ |  |
| 77. | Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by $\$ 100$. | $\$ 0$ |  |
| 78. | Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. | $\$ 21,199,53$ |  |
| 79. | Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. ${ }^{49}$ | $\$ 0.000000$ | / |

[^9]| Line | Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet | Amount/Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80. | 2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate). | $\$ 0.033567$ | /\$100 |

SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate
Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.


## SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in the Tax Code. ${ }^{50}$


KRISTIN R. BULANEK, TAX-ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR
Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative
$\underset{\text { sign }}{\text { here }}$
Taxing Unit Representative $\quad$ Date

[^10]
## EXPENSES BY MAJOR CLASSIFICATIONS

PORT FREEPORT 2023/2024 FISCAL YEAR BUDGET

## OPERATING EXPENSES

Port Salaries/Wages
Port Employee Benefits
Professional Services Training, Travel \& Promotional Supplies
Utilities
Business Insurance Other Services \& Charges
Maintenance \& Repair
TOTAL GENERAL OPERATING

Depreciation
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE

| $2020$ <br> Actual | $2021$ <br> Actual | $2022$ <br> Actual | $2022$ <br> Budget | $2023$ <br> Budget | $2023$ <br> Forecasted | $2024$ <br> Budget |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 3,718,152 | \$ 3,691,177 | \$ 3,602,951 | \$ 3,993,600 | \$ 4,494,200 | \$ 4,038,139 | \$ 4,626,200 |
| 1,350,053 | 1,418,715 | 1,342,713 | 1,648,300 | 1,749,800 | 1,525,440 | 1,714,300 |
| 2,163,290 | 2,212,828 | 2,764,373 | 2,722,000 | 2,948,700 | 3,191,907 | 3,105,200 |
| 296,763 | 312,831 | 497,564 | 802,900 | 879,900 | 518,651 | 844,500 |
| 170,938 | 159,881 | 175,862 | 156,700 | 176,200 | 193,741 | 188,400 |
| 636,683 | 741,203 | 719,222 | 800,500 | 854,900 | 806,535 | 964,300 |
| 1,128,006 | 1,254,661 | 1,379,717 | 1,557,500 | 1,672,300 | 1,942,927 | 2,628,400 |
| 515,468 | 487,467 | 625,425 | 723,800 | 503,600 | 488,852 | 554,900 |
| 973,834 | 907,606 | 1,109,624 | 927,300 | 1,225,400 | 1,397,907 | 1,437,200 |
| 10,953,187 | 11,186,369 | 12,217,451 | 13,332,600 | 14,505,000 | 14,104,099 | 16,063,400 |
| 7,592,533 | 8,192,602 | 7,914,177 | 8,093,700 | 11,106,800 | 8,882,900 | 12,172,700 |
| \$ 18,545,720 | \$ 19,378,971 | \$ 20,131,628 | \$ 21,426,300 | \$ 25,611,800 | \$ 22,986,999 | \$ 28,236,100 |





## PORT FREEPORT 2023/24 FISCAL YEAR BUDGET DEBT INTEREST AND FEES SCHEDULE

SCHEDULED BOND INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS

| Scheduled bon | Interest |  | Principal |  | Total Principal \& Interest |  | Call Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019 | \$ | 1,208,262 | \$ | 125,000 | \$ | 1,333,262 | 8/1/2029 |
| General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 |  | 894,250 |  | - |  | 894,250 | 8/1/2029 |
| General Obligation Bonds, Series 2023 |  | 2,426,688 |  | - |  | 2,426,688 | 8/1/2033 |
| Senior Lien Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A |  | 391,776 |  | 2,395,000 |  | 2,786,776 | Current |
| Senior Lien Revenue \& Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A |  | 1,543,838 |  | 895,000 |  | 2,438,838 | 6/1/2025 |
| Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 |  | 1,342,200 |  | 645,000 |  | 1,987,200 | 6/1/2028 |
| Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A |  | 1,916,350 |  | 860,000 |  | 2,776,350 | 6/1/2029 |
| Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2019B |  | 933,300 |  | 615,000 |  | 1,548,300 | 6/1/2029 |
| Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 |  | 1,326,850 |  | - |  | 1,326,850 | 6/1/2031 |
| Total Debt Service | \$ | 11,983,514 | \$ | 5,535,000 | \$ | 17,518,514 |  |

INTEREST EXPENSE RECOGNIZED - FY 2024

|  | Interest \& Fees |  | Amortized Premiums |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019 | \$ | 1,214,420 | \$ | $(118,025)$ | \$ | 1,096,395 |
| General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 |  | 899,704 |  | $(76,251)$ |  | 823,453 |
| General Obligation Bonds, Series 2023 |  | 2,440,632 |  | $(23,913)$ |  | 2,416,719 |
| Senior Lien Refunding Bonds Series 2013A |  | 368,187 |  | 1,163 |  | 369,350 |
| Senior Lien Revenue \& Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A |  | 1,529,921 |  | $(40,516)$ |  | 1,489,405 |
| Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 |  | 1,332,450 |  | $(50,723)$ |  | 1,281,727 |
| Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A |  | 1,903,017 |  | $(223,028)$ |  | 1,679,989 |
| Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2019B |  | 924,050 |  | $(53,251)$ |  | 870,799 |
| Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 |  | 1,327,850 |  | $(218,094)$ |  | 1,109,756 |
| Other - Rounding |  | 7 |  |  |  | 7 |
| Total Interest Expense Recognized | \$ | 11,940,238 | \$ | (802,638) | \$ | 11,137,600 |

## PORT FREEPORT

Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A (AMT)
September 30, 2023

| Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Ending <br> September 30 | Coupon | Interest <br> Due <br> December 1 | Interest <br> Due <br> June 1 | Principal <br> Due <br> June 1 | Total <br>  <br> Interest | Principal <br> Balance |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2024 | $3.08 \%$ | $\$$ | 195,888 | $\$$ | 195,888 | $\$$ | $2,395,000$ |
| 2025 | 3.08 | 159,005 |  | 159,005 | $2,465,000$ | $2,786,776$ | $10,783,010$ |
| 2026 | 3.08 | 12,044 |  | 121,044 | $2,540,000$ | $2,782,088$ | $7,860,000$ |
| 2027 | 3.08 | 81,928 |  | 81,928 | $2,620,000$ | $2,783,856$ | $2,700,000$ |
| 2028 | 3.08 | 41,580 |  | 41,580 | $2,700,000$ | $2,783,160$ | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## PORT FREEPORT

Senior Lien Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A (AMT)
September 30, 2023

| Fiscal Year Ending September 30 | Coupon |  | Interest Due <br> December 1 |  | Interest <br> Due <br> June 1 |  | Principal <br> Due <br> June 1 |  | Total <br> Principal \& Interest |  | Principal <br> Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 33,270,000 |
| 2024 | 5.00 \% | \$ | 771,919 | \$ | 771,919 | \$ | 895,000 | \$ | 2,438,838 |  | 32,375,000 |
| 2025 | 5.00 |  | 749,544 |  | 749,544 |  | 945,000 |  | 2,444,088 |  | 31,430,000 |
| 2026 | 5.00 |  | 725,919 |  | 725,919 |  | 990,000 |  | 2,441,838 |  | 30,440,000 |
| 2027 | 5.00 |  | 701,169 |  | 701,169 |  | 1,035,000 |  | 2,437,338 |  | 29,405,000 |
| 2028 | 5.00 |  | 675,294 |  | 675,294 |  | 1,090,000 |  | 2,440,588 |  | 28,315,000 |
| 2029 | 5.00 |  | 648,044 |  | 648,044 |  | 1,145,000 |  | 2,441,088 |  | 27,170,000 |
| 2030 | 4.00 |  | 619,419 |  | 619,419 |  | 1,200,000 |  | 2,438,838 |  | 25,970,000 |
| 2031 | 4.13 |  | 595,419 |  | 595,419 |  | 1,250,000 |  | 2,440,838 |  | 24,720,000 |
| 2032 | 4.13 |  | 569,638 |  | 569,638 |  | 1,300,000 |  | 2,439,276 |  | 23,420,000 |
| 2033 | 4.25 |  | 542,825 |  | 542,825 |  | 1,355,000 |  | 2,440,650 |  | 22,065,000 |
| 2034 | 4.25 |  | 514,031 |  | 514,031 |  | 1,410,000 |  | 2,438,062 |  | 20,655,000 |
| 2035 | 4.25 |  | 484,069 |  | 484,069 |  | 1,475,000 |  | 2,443,138 |  | 19,180,000 |
| 2036 | 5.00 |  | 452,725 |  | 452,725 |  | 1,535,000 |  | 2,440,450 |  | 17,645,000 |
| 2037 | 5.00 |  | 414,350 |  | 414,350 |  | 1,610,000 |  | 2,438,700 |  | 16,035,000 |
| 2038 | 5.00 |  | 374,100 |  | 374,100 |  | 1,690,000 |  | 2,438,200 |  | 14,345,000 |
| 2039 | 5.00 |  | 331,850 |  | 331,850 |  | 1,775,000 |  | 2,438,700 |  | 12,570,000 |
| 2040 | 5.00 |  | 287,475 |  | 287,475 |  | 1,860,000 |  | 2,434,950 |  | 10,710,000 |
| 2041 | 4.50 |  | 240,975 |  | 240,975 |  | 1,955,000 |  | 2,436,950 |  | 8,755,000 |
| 2042 | 4.50 |  | 196,988 |  | 196,988 |  | 2,045,000 |  | 2,438,976 |  | 6,710,000 |
| 2043 | 4.50 |  | 150,975 |  | 150,975 |  | 2,140,000 |  | 2,441,950 |  | 4,570,000 |
| 2044 | 4.50 |  | 102,825 |  | 102,825 |  | 2,235,000 |  | 2,440,650 |  | 2,335,000 |
| 2045 | 4.50 |  | 52,538 |  | 52,538 |  | 2,335,000 |  | 2,440,076 |  | 0 |
|  |  | \$ | 10,202,091 | \$ | 10,202,091 | \$ | 33,270,000 | \$ | 53,674,182 |  |  |

## PORT FREEPORT

Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 (AMT)
September 30, 2023

| Fiscal Year <br> Ending <br> September 30 | Coupon | Interest <br> Due <br> December 1 | Interest <br> Due | Principal <br> June 1 | Due <br> June 1 | Total <br>  <br> Interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## PORT FREEPORT

Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A (AMT)
September 30, 2023

| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Fiscal Year } \\ \text { Ending } \\ \text { September } 30 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Coupon |  | Interest <br> Due <br> 1-Dec |  | Interest <br> Due <br> 1-Jun |  | Principal Due 1-Jun |  | Total Principal \& Interest |  | Principal Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2024 | 5.000 \% |  | 958,175 | \$ | 958,175 | \$ | 860,000 |  | 2,776,350 | \$ | $41,855,000$ |
| 2025 | 5.000 |  | 936,675 |  | 936,675 |  | 900,000 |  | 2,773,350 |  | 40,095,000 |
| 2026 | 5.000 |  | 914,175 |  | 914,175 |  | 945,000 |  | 2,773,350 |  | 39,150,000 |
| 2027 | 5.000 |  | 890,550 |  | 890,550 |  | 995,000 |  | 2,776,100 |  | 38,155,000 |
| 2028 | 5.000 |  | 865,675 |  | 865,675 |  | 1,045,000 |  | 2,776,350 |  | 37,110,000 |
| 2029 | 5.000 |  | 839,550 |  | 839,550 |  | 1,095,000 |  | 2,774,100 |  | 36,015,000 |
| 2030 | 5.000 |  | 812,175 |  | 812,175 |  | 1,150,000 |  | 2,774,350 |  | 34,865,000 |
| 2031 | 5.000 |  | 783,425 |  | 783,425 |  | 1,210,000 |  | 2,776,850 |  | 33,655,000 |
| 2032 | 5.000 |  | 753,175 |  | 753,175 |  | 1,270,000 |  | 2,776,350 |  | 32,385,000 |
| 2033 | 5.000 |  | 721,425 |  | 721,425 |  | 1,330,000 |  | 2,772,850 |  | 31,055,000 |
| 2034 | 5.000 |  | 688,175 |  | 688,175 |  | 1,400,000 |  | 2,776,350 |  | 29,655,000 |
| 2035 | 4.000 |  | 653,175 |  | 653,175 |  | 1,470,000 |  | 2,776,350 |  | 28,185,000 |
| 2036 | 4.000 |  | 623,775 |  | 623,775 |  | 1,530,000 |  | 2,777,550 |  | 26,655,000 |
| 2037 | 4.000 |  | 593,175 |  | 593,175 |  | 1,590,000 |  | 2,776,350 |  | 25,065,000 |
| 2038 | 4.000 |  | 561,375 |  | 561,375 |  | 1,650,000 |  | 2,772,750 |  | 23,415,000 |
| 2039 | 4.000 |  | 528,375 |  | 528,375 |  | 1,720,000 |  | 2,776,750 |  | 21,695,000 |
| 2040 | 4.000 |  | 493,975 |  | 493,975 |  | 1,785,000 |  | 2,772,950 |  | 19,910,000 |
| 2041 | 4.000 |  | 458,275 |  | 458,275 |  | 1,860,000 |  | 2,776,550 |  | 18,050,000 |
| 2042 | 4.000 |  | 421,075 |  | 421,075 |  | 1,935,000 |  | 2,777,150 |  | 16,115,000 |
| 2043 | 4.000 |  | 382,375 |  | 382,375 |  | 2,010,000 |  | 2,774,750 |  | 14,105,000 |
| 2044 | 4.000 |  | 342,175 |  | 342,175 |  | 2,090,000 |  | 2,774,350 |  | 12,015,000 |
| 2045 | 5.000 |  | 300,375 |  | 300,375 |  | 2,175,000 |  | 2,775,750 |  | 9,840,000 |
| 2046 | 5.000 |  | 246,000 |  | 246,000 |  | 2,285,000 |  | 2,777,000 |  | 7,555,000 |
| 2047 | 5.000 |  | 188,875 |  | 188,875 |  | 2,395,000 |  | 2,772,750 |  | 5,160,000 |
| 2048 | 5.000 |  | 129,000 |  | 129,000 |  | 2,515,000 |  | 2,773,000 |  | 2,645,000 |
| 2049 | 5.000 |  | 66,125 |  | 66,125 |  | 2,645,000 |  | 2,777,250 |  | 0 |
|  |  | \$ | 15,151,300 | \$ | 15,151,300 | \$ | 41,855,000 | \$ | 72,157,600 |  |  |

## PORT FREEPORT

## Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2019B (NON-AMT)

September 30, 2023

| Fiscal Year Ending September 30 | Coupon | Interest <br> Due <br> 1-Dec | Interest <br> Due <br> 1-Jun |  | Principal Due <br> 1-Jun |  | Total Principal \& Interest |  | Principal Balance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 27,190,000 |
| 2024 | 5.000 \% \$ | \$ 466,650 | \$ | 466,650 | \$ | 615,000 | \$ | 1,548,300 |  | 26,575,000 |
| 2025 | 5.000 | 451,275 |  | 451,275 |  | 645,000 |  | 1,547,550 |  | 25,930,000 |
| 2026 | 5.000 | 435,150 |  | 435,150 |  | 680,000 |  | 1,550,300 |  | 25,250,000 |
| 2027 | 5.000 | 418,150 |  | 418,150 |  | 715,000 |  | 1,551,300 |  | 24,535,000 |
| 2028 | 5.000 | 400,275 |  | 400,275 |  | 750,000 |  | 1,550,550 |  | 23,785,000 |
| 2029 | 5.000 | 381,525 |  | 381,525 |  | 785,000 |  | 1,548,050 |  | 23,000,000 |
| 2030 | 5.000 | 361,900 |  | 361,900 |  | 825,000 |  | 1,548,800 |  | 22,175,000 |
| 2031 | 5.000 | 341,275 |  | 341,275 |  | 865,000 |  | 1,547,550 |  | 21,310,000 |
| 2032 | 3.000 | 319,650 |  | 319,650 |  | 910,000 |  | 1,549,300 |  | 20,400,000 |
| 2033 | 3.000 | 306,000 |  | 306,000 |  | 935,000 |  | 1,547,000 |  | 19,465,000 |
| 2034 | 3.000 | 291,975 |  | 291,975 |  | 965,000 |  | 1,548,950 |  | 18,500,000 |
| 2035 | 3.000 | 277,500 |  | 277,500 |  | 995,000 |  | 1,550,000 |  | 17,505,000 |
| 2036 | 3.000 | 262,575 |  | 262,575 |  | 1,025,000 |  | 1,550,150 |  | 16,480,000 |
| 2037 | 3.000 | 247,200 |  | 247,200 |  | 1,055,000 |  | 1,549,400 |  | 15,425,000 |
| 2038 | 3.000 | 231,375 |  | 231,375 |  | 1,085,000 |  | 1,547,750 |  | 14,340,000 |
| 2039 | 3.000 | 215,100 |  | 215,100 |  | 1,120,000 |  | 1,550,200 |  | 13,220,000 |
| 2040 | 3.000 | 198,300 |  | 198,300 |  | 1,155,000 |  | 1,551,600 |  | 12,065,000 |
| 2041 | 3.000 | 180,975 |  | 180,975 |  | 1,185,000 |  | 1,546,950 |  | 10,880,000 |
| 2042 | 3.000 | 163,200 |  | 163,200 |  | 1,225,000 |  | 1,551,400 |  | 9,655,000 |
| 2043 | 3.000 | 144,825 |  | 144,825 |  | 1,260,000 |  | 1,549,650 |  | 8,395,000 |
| 2044 | 3.000 | 125,925 |  | 125,925 |  | 1,300,000 |  | 1,551,850 |  | 7,095,000 |
| 2045 | 3.000 | 106,425 |  | 106,425 |  | 1,335,000 |  | 1,547,850 |  | 5,760,000 |
| 2046 | 3.000 | 86,400 |  | 86,400 |  | 1,375,000 |  | 1,547,800 |  | 4,385,000 |
| 2047 | 3.000 | 65,775 |  | 65,775 |  | 1,420,000 |  | 1,551,550 |  | 2,965,000 |
| 2048 | 3.000 | 44,475 |  | 44,475 |  | 1,460,000 |  | 1,548,950 |  | 1,505,000 |
| 2049 | 3.000 | 22,575 |  | 22,575 |  | 1,505,000 |  | 1,550,150 |  | 0 |
|  |  | \$ 6,546,450 | \$ | 6,546,450 | \$ | 27,190,000 | \$ | 40,282,900 |  |  |

## PORT FREEPORT

## Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 (AMT)

September 30, 2023

## PORT FREEPORT

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019 (Non-AMT)
September 30, 2023

| Fiscal Year <br> Ending <br> September 30 | Coupon | Interest <br> Due <br> February 1 | Interest <br> Due <br> August 1 | Principal <br> Due <br> August 1 | Total <br>  <br> Interest | Principal <br> Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2024 | $5.000 \%$ | $\$$ | 604,131 | $\$$ | 604,131 | $\$$ |

## PORT FREEPORT

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 (Non-AMT)
September 30, 2023

TABLE 17


## PORT FREEPORT

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2023 (Non-AMT)
September 30, 2023

TABLE 19

| Fiscal Year Ending September 30 | Coupon |  | Interest <br> Due <br> February 1 |  | Interest <br> Due <br> August 1 |  | Principal <br> Due <br> August 1 |  | Total Principal \& Interest | Principal <br> Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ 55,800,000 |
| 2024 | 5.500 \% | \$ | 1,213,344 | \$ | 1,213,344 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,426,688 | 55,800,000 |
| 2025 | 5.500 |  | 1,213,344 |  | 1,213,344 |  | 380,000 |  | 2,806,688 | 55,420,000 |
| 2026 | 5.500 |  | 1,202,894 |  | 1,202,894 |  | 995,000 |  | 3,400,788 | 54,425,000 |
| 2027 | 5.500 |  | 1,175,531 |  | 1,175,531 |  | 1,050,000 |  | 3,401,063 | 53,375,000 |
| 2028 | 5.000 |  | 1,146,656 |  | 1,146,656 |  | 1,110,000 |  | 3,403,313 | 52,265,000 |
| 2029 | 5.000 |  | 1,118,906 |  | 1,118,906 |  | 1,165,000 |  | 3,402,813 | 51,100,000 |
| 2030 | 5.000 |  | 1,089,781 |  | 1,089,781 |  | 1,220,000 |  | 3,399,563 | 49,880,000 |
| 2031 | 5.000 |  | 1,059,281 |  | 1,059,281 |  | 1,285,000 |  | 3,403,563 | 48,595,000 |
| 2032 | 5.000 |  | 1,027,156 |  | 1,027,156 |  | 1,345,000 |  | 3,399,313 | 47,250,000 |
| 2033 | 5.000 |  | 993,531 |  | 993,531 |  | 1,415,000 |  | 3,402,063 | 45,835,000 |
| 2034 | 5.000 |  | 958,156 |  | 958,156 |  | 1,485,000 |  | 3,401,313 | 44,350,000 |
| 2035 | 5.000 |  | 921,031 |  | 921,031 |  | 1,560,000 |  | 3,402,063 | 42,790,000 |
| 2036 | 5.000 |  | 882,031 |  | 882,031 |  | 1,640,000 |  | 3,404,063 | 41,150,000 |
| 2037 | 5.000 |  | 841,031 |  | 841,031 |  | 1,720,000 |  | 3,402,063 | 39,430,000 |
| 2038 | 4.000 |  | 798,031 |  | 798,031 |  | 1,805,000 |  | 3,401,063 | 37,625,000 |
| 2039 | 4.000 |  | 761,931 |  | 761,931 |  | 1,880,000 |  | 3,403,863 | 35,745,000 |
| 2040 | 4.000 |  | 724,331 |  | 724,331 |  | 1,950,000 |  | 3,398,663 | 33,795,000 |
| 2041 | 4.000 |  | 685,331 |  | 685,331 |  | 2,030,000 |  | 3,400,663 | 31,765,000 |
| 2042 | 4.000 |  | 644,731 |  | 644,731 |  | 2,110,000 |  | 3,399,463 | 29,655,000 |
| 2043 | 4.000 |  | 602,531 |  | 602,531 |  | 2,195,000 |  | 3,400,063 | 27,460,000 |
| 2044 | 4.000 |  | 558,631 |  | 558,631 |  | 2,285,000 |  | 3,402,263 | 25,175,000 |
| 2045 | 4.000 |  | 512,931 |  | 512,931 |  | 2,375,000 |  | 3,400,863 | 22,800,000 |
| 2046 | 4.000 |  | 465,431 |  | 465,431 |  | 2,470,000 |  | 3,400,863 | 20,330,000 |
| 2047 | 4.000 |  | 416,031 |  | 416,031 |  | 2,570,000 |  | 3,402,063 | 17,760,000 |
| 2048 | 4.000 |  | 364,631 |  | 364,631 |  | 2,670,000 |  | 3,399,263 | 15,090,000 |
| 2049 | 4.125 |  | 311,231 |  | 311,231 |  | 2,780,000 |  | 3,402,463 | 12,310,000 |
| 2050 | 4.125 |  | 253,894 |  | 253,894 |  | 2,895,000 |  | 3,402,788 | 9,415,000 |
| 2051 | 4.125 |  | 194,184 |  | 194,184 |  | 3,015,000 |  | 3,403,369 | 6,400,000 |
| 2052 | 4.125 |  | 132,000 |  | 132,000 |  | 3,135,000 |  | 3,399,000 | 3,265,000 |
| 2053 | 4.125 |  | 67,341 |  | 67,341 |  | 3,265,000 |  | 3,399,681 | - |
|  |  | \$ | 22,335,869 |  | 22,335,869 |  | 55,800,000 | \$100,471,738 |  |  |


[^0]:    1 TAXABLE VALUE FOR CURRENT YEAR HAS BEEN CERTIFIED BY THE BRAZORIA COUNTY APPRAISAL DISTRICT. TAXABLE VALUE FOR PAST YEARS ARE TAKEN FROM THE CERTIFIED ROLL FROM BRAZORIA COUNTY.
    2 PROPOSED OR ESTIMATED
    3 INCLUDES COLLECTION OF CURRENT \& DELINQUENT TAXES AND PENALTIES \& INTEREST.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Tex. Tax Code $\S 26.012$ (14)
    ${ }^{2}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)
    ${ }^{3}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)
    ${ }^{4}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

[^2]:    ${ }^{5}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.012(15)$
    ${ }^{6}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.012(15)$
    ${ }^{7}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.012(15)$
    ${ }^{8}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.03(\mathrm{c})$
    ${ }^{9}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)
    ${ }^{10}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.012(13)$
    ${ }^{11}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.012,26.04(\mathrm{C}-2)$
    ${ }^{12}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.03(c)

[^3]:    ${ }^{13}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) and (d)
    ${ }^{14}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.01$ (c)
    ${ }^{15}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.01 (d)
    ${ }^{16}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.012(6)$ (B)
    ${ }^{17}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)
    ${ }^{18}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)
    ${ }^{19}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(17)
    ${ }^{20}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)
    ${ }^{21}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(d)

[^4]:    ${ }^{22}$ [Reserved for expansion]
    ${ }_{23}^{23}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.044$
    ${ }_{24}{ }^{24}$ Tex. Tax Code $\S 26.0441$

[^5]:    ${ }^{25}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.0442
    ${ }^{26}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.0443

[^6]:    ${ }^{27}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(a)
    ${ }^{28}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(7)
    ${ }^{29}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.012(10) and 26.04(b)
    ${ }^{30}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(b)
    ${ }^{31}$ Tex. Tax Code $\S \S 26.04(\mathrm{~h})$, (h-1) and (h-2)

[^7]:    ${ }^{32}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)
    ${ }^{33}$ Tex. Tax Code $\S 26.041$ (i)
    ${ }^{34}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.041$ (d)
    ${ }^{35}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)
    ${ }^{36}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)
    ${ }^{37}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.045(d)
    ${ }^{38}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.045(i)

[^8]:    ${ }^{39}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(a)
    ${ }^{40}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.013(c)
    ${ }^{41}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ \$ 26.0501$ (a) and (c)
    ${ }^{42}$ Tex. Local Gov't Code $\S 120.007$ (d), effective Jan. 1, 2022
    ${ }^{43}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)
    ${ }^{44}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.012(8-\mathrm{a})$
    ${ }^{45}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.063(a)(1)

[^9]:    ${ }^{46}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)
    ${ }^{47}$ Tex. Tax Code $\$ 26.042$ (f)
    ${ }^{48}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)
    ${ }^{49}$ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

[^10]:    ${ }^{50}$ Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

